

YEAR GROUP:6	TERM: Spring 1	TITLE: Frozen Planet								
ENGLISH	MATHS	SCIENCE								
<p>Reading – Skills taught are ongoing throughout the year.</p> <p>apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes (morphology and etymology), both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words that they meet</p> <p>continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</p> <p>*reading books that are structured in different ways and reading for a range of purposes</p> <p>*making comparisons within and across books</p> <p>*increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions</p> <p>*identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing</p> <p>learning a wider range of poetry by heart</p> <p>preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience</p> <p>* checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context</p> <p>*asking questions to improve their understanding</p> <p>*summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details to support the main ideas</p> <p>*drawing inferences such as inferring characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence</p> <p>predicting what might happen from details stated and implied</p> <p>*distinguish between statements of fact and opinion</p> <p>*retrieve, record and present information from nonfiction</p> <p>*recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices</p>	<p>Number – Decimals and Percentages</p> <p>places by whole numbers</p> <p>divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. $1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$)</p> <p>multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers</p> <p>multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places</p> <p>identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places</p> <p>associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. $3/8$)</p> <p>use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places</p> <p>Number – Algebra</p> <p>express missing number problems algebraically</p> <p>find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns</p> <p>enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables</p> <p>use simple formulae</p> <p>generate and describe linear number sequences</p>	<p>Light and Sound:</p> <p>Identify parts of the eye and draw a diagram showing how light enters our eyes in order to see, using the correct scientific vocabulary</p> <p>Describe how white light can be split using prisms and droplets of water and what colours white light is made from. Explain how light behaves and travels in straight lines. Demonstrate, using a model or diagram, how this explain why we can see objects and how shadows are formed. Classify a range of objects or surfaces for their reflective qualities using scientific testing.</p> <p>Compare how a beam of light changes direction (refraction) when passing through different mediums, such as water and air.</p> <p>Recognise the dangers of using lasers and how they can be used safely.</p> <p>Working Scientifically:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="1489 815 2145 1297"> <tr> <td>Pose/select the most appropriate line of enquiry to investigate scientific questions</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Select and plan the most suitable line of enquiry, explaining which variables need to be controlled and why in a variety of comparative and fair tests</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Make their own decisions about which observations to make using test results and observations to make predictions or set up further comparative or fair tests</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Choose the most appropriate equipment in order to take measurements, explaining how to use it accurately. Decide how long to take measurements for, checking results with additional readings</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Identify and explain patterns seen in the natural environment</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Choose the most effective approach to record and report results linking to mathematical knowledge</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Identify and explain causal relationships in data and identify evidence that supports or refutes their findings, selecting fact from opinion</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Identify validity of conclusion and required improvement to methodology. 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*participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
*explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, *provide reasoned justifications for their views

Writing GPS

Punctuation 1

(6G5.10)Using a colon to introduce a list

(6G5.10)Use of the colon to introduce a list

(6G5.11)Use of semi-colons within lists

(6G5.14)Punctuating bullet points consistently

(6G5.14)Punctuation of bullet points to list information

Active and Passive

(6G4.4)Using passive verbs to affect the presentation of information in a sentence

(6G4.4)Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence [for example,I broke the window in the greenhouseversusThe window in the greenhouse was broken (by me)]

Formal and Informal

(6G7.4)Recognising vocabulary and structures that is appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms

(6G7.2)The difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, find out –discover; ask for –request; go in –enter]

(6G7.3)The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing [for example, the use of question tags:He's your friend, isn't he?, orthe use of subjunctive forms such asIfI wereorWere theyto comein some very formal writing and speech]

COMPUTING	RE	PE
<p>Web Design Design and create/use a range of programs to accomplish given goals Take account of accuracy and potential bias when searching for and selecting information Evaluate and improve presentations in the light of discussion, marking and audience response</p>	<p>Christianity Evaluate different beliefs about eternity and to understand the Christian perspective on this.</p>	<p>Dance Move in time to music, creating movements that express the meaning and mood of the piece.</p>
FRENCH	PSHE	MUSIC
<p>develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences</p>	<p>Dreams and Goals Understanding what is important to me. Working out learning steps to achieve a goal. Identify problems and have the confidence to talk about them. Help make a difference Give praise and compliments to other people.</p>	<p>Opportunity to play an instrument Maintain a more complex part within an ensemble (e.g. sing in a round or use harmony).</p>
ART/DT	HISTORY	GEOGRAPHY
<p>Create abstract forms choosing appropriate materials and tools, demonstrating the awareness and influence of a specific art genre. Use paint techniques characteristic of a specific genre (e.g. particular brush strokes, colours and paint application techniques). Describe and explain the ideas, methods and techniques used to create artwork on a particular theme of genre.</p>	<p>Acknowledge different points of view expressed and explain why these are important in understanding and interpreting history. Create, from memory, a timeline from dates / details / eras showing knowledge of how to check for accuracy.</p>	<p>Produce accurate scaled maps. Present findings both graphically and in writing using appropriate vocabulary. Explain how climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts affect the physical and human features of a place in the world.</p>